


Министерство образования и науки Республики Татарстан
ГБПОУ «Бугульминский профессионально-педагогический колледж»

УТВЕРЖДАЮ:
Заместитель директора
по учебной работе

 (Титова Н.Ю.)
«18» 06 2018 г.

**КОМПЛЕКТ КОНТРОЛЬНО-ИЗМЕРИТЕЛЬНЫХ МАТЕРИАЛОВ
ПО УЧЕБНОЙ ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ**

Иностранный язык

основной профессиональной образовательной программы (ОПОП) по специальности СПО

46.02.01 «Документационное обеспечение управления и архивоведение»

базовой подготовки

г.Бугульма, 2018 г.

Комплект контрольно-измерительных материалов по учебной дисциплине разработан на основе Федерального государственного образовательного стандарта среднего профессионального образования (далее – ФГОС СПО) по специальности

46.02.01
«Документационное
обеспечение
управления и
архивоведение».

код

наименование специальности

Организация-разработчик: ГБПОУ «Бугульминский профессионально-педагогический колледж»

РАССМОТРЕНО:

на заседании цикловой комиссии

ОК 7 дисциплин
наименование цикловой комиссии

Протокол № 9

от «21» мая 2018 г.

Председатель цикловой комиссии

[подпись] Галимова Р.А.
подпись Ф.И.О.

Разработчики:

Галимова Р.А., преподаватель высшей квалификационной категории

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

1. Общие положения	4
2. Результаты освоения дисциплины, подлежащие проверке.....	5
3. Контрольные задания текущей аттестации	6
4. Контрольные задания промежуточной аттестации.....	28
5. Критерии оценки	29
6. Перечень материалов, оборудования и информационных источников, используемых в промежуточной аттестации.....	31

1. Общие положения

Контрольно-измерительные материалы (КИМ) предназначены для контроля и оценки образовательных достижений обучающихся, освоивших программу учебной дисциплины

Иностранный язык

наименование дисциплины

КИМ включают контрольные материалы для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации в форме

Экзмена

форма промежуточной аттестации

КИМ разработаны на основании положений:

- основной профессиональной образовательной программы по направлению подготовки специальности(-тей) СПО

46.02.01

«Документационное
обеспечение управления
и архивоведение».

код

наименование специальности

- программы учебной дисциплины

Иностранный язык, 2018 г.

наименование дисциплины, год утверждения

2. Результаты освоения дисциплины, подлежащие проверке

Результаты обучения (освоенные умения, усвоенные знания)	Показатели оценки образовательных результатов
У1. Уметь общаться (устно и письменно) на иностранном языке на профессиональные и повседневные темы;	Составление диалогического и монологического высказывания по темам; работа по аудированию
У2. Уметь переводить (со словарем) иностранные тексты профессиональной направленности;	Понимание тематических и профессионально-направленных текстов
У3. Уметь самостоятельно совершенствовать устную и письменную речь, пополнять словарный запас.	Выполнение творческих заданий с использованием речевых оборотов и идиом.
З1. Знать лексический (1200-1400 лексических единиц) и грамматический минимум, необходимый для чтения и перевода (со словарем) иностранных текстов профессиональной направленности.	Распознавание в тексте различных грамматических структур и способов словообразования.

3. Контрольные задания текущей аттестации

Тема 1.1. Мой выходной
день _____

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Объектный падеж личных местоимений
2. Обозначение времени.
3. Разъединительный вопрос
4. Простое настоящее время.
5. Монологическое высказывание по теме «Мой выходной день»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Упражнение 1. Вставьте глагол *to be* в Present Simple.

1. I ... a pupil. 2. My father ... not a teacher, he ... a scientist. 3. ... your aunt a doctor? - Yes, she ... 4. ... they at home? - No, they ... not at home, they ... at work. 5. My brother ... a worker. He ... at work. 6. ... you an engineer? - Yes, I ... 7. ... your sister a *photographer*? No, she ... not a *photographer*, she ... a student. 8. ... your brother at school? - Yes, he ... 9. ... your sister at school? - No, she ... not at school. 10. My ... sister ... at home. 11. ... this your watch? • Yes, it ... 12. She ... an actress. 13. This ... my bag. 14. My uncle ... an office-worker. 15. He ... at work. 16. Helen ... a painter. She has some fine pictures. They ... on the walls. She has much paper. It ... on the shelf. The shelf ... brown. It ... on the wall. Helen has a brother. He ... a student. He has a family. His family ... not in St. Petersburg, it ... in New York.

Упражнение 2. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

1. Когда вы встаете? - Я встаю без четверти семь.
2. Когда встает твой брат? - Он встает без двадцати восемь. — А твоя сестра тоже встает без двадцати восемь? - Нет. Мой брат ходит в школу, а моя сестра не ходит в школу. Она еще не ученица. Она встает в девять часов. 3. Мой брат работает в больнице. Он врач. Он встает двадцать минут восьмого. Он работает утром и днем. Вечером он не работает. Вечером он отдыхает. 4. Твоя сестра говорит по-французски? - Нет. Она говорит по-немецки, а ее муж говорит по-английски.

Вариант 2. Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

(USUALLY) 1. My sister (to get) up at eight o'clock. 2. She (to be) a school-girl. She (to go) to school in the afternoon. 3. Jane (to be) fond of sports. She (to do) her morning exercises every day. 4. For breakfast she (to have) two eggs, a sandwich and a cup of tea. 5. After breakfast she (to go) to school. 6. It (to take) him two hours to do his homework. 7. She (to speak) French well. 8. My working day (to begin) at seven o'clock. I (to get) up, (to switch) on the radio and (to do) my morning exercises. It (to take) me fifteen minutes. At half past seven we (to have) breakfast. My father and I (to leave) home at eight o'clock. He (to take) a bus to his office. My mother (to be) a doctor, she (to leave) home at nine o'clock. In the evening we (to gather) in the living-room. We (to watch) TV and (to talk).

Упражнение 2. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глаголы в Present Simple.

Мой дядя инженер. Он очень занят. Его рабочий день начинается рано утром. Он встает в семь часов. Он умывается, одевается и завтракает. После завтрака он идет на работу. Он работает в институте. Он любит свою работу. Он женат. Его жена врач. Она работает в больнице. Вечером она изучает французский язык. Она посещает курсы французского языка. Мой дядя не говорит по-французски. Он говорит по-русски и по-немецки. Он изучает английский язык. Вечером он посещает курсы английского языка. Сын моего дяди ученик. Он ходит в школу. В школе он изучает английский язык.

2. Время на выполнение: 40 мин.

Практическое задание.

1. Текст задания (перечень практических заданий):

1. Аудирование текста «My day off»

My name is Andrew, I am fourteen years old. I would like to tell you about my day off. Sunday is my favorite day of the week, because it is not necessary to get up early and go to school. On Sunday I get up later than usually, make my bed, go to the bathroom, wash my face and clean teeth. Then we have breakfast all together. On Sunday my mother usually bakes pancakes, they are just delicious. We drink tea or coffee and eat pancakes with jam. After breakfast I help my mother to clear a table and wash dishes. Then I go outside to play with my friends. In winter we go skiing. In summer my father and I go to the swimming pool, especially when it is very hot. At one o'clock we have dinner. After dinner we have a short rest. My father goes to his study and reads newspapers. My mother watches TV set, my younger sister sleeps. I usually go to my room, read a book, listen to music or do my homework for the next week. In the evening we go to the park all together. It's very big and beautiful. There are a lot of different park amusements there. My sister and I like to go on the rides very much or just go for a walk with our parents. Our mother and father often buy us candy floss or popcorn. Then we go to café and order the biggest pizza. We eat, talk and laugh. We come home at ten o'clock in the evening, satisfied, tired and very happy that our day off turned out well.

2. Чтение и перевод текста «My day off»

Unfortunately being a student means that I don't have much free time apart from holidays. Sunday is the only real day off that I have from studying. Every evening I have a lot of homework to do and even on Sundays I spend most of the afternoon and evening preparing for my classes in the following week. And this year is a separate talk. I have no free time even on Sundays. I have really realized that the last year at school is not an easy thing. The teachers give

much homework in every subject and I have additional practice in English and Chemistry. Besides, I spend much time preparing for my final examinations. There is practically no time for television or friends. But I'd like to tell you how I spend my free time when I have it. For most of my friends, their first priority is to sleep longer than they normally do. But it's not about me. I don't like to sleep more than 9 hours, because then I feel even more tired. If it is summer or spring I prefer to go in for sports in the morning in the fresh air, for example, to go for jogging (running) or to play tennis. In winter I like to go skating and skiing. In deep autumn I prefer to stay at home. I have four wonderful friends and there is a some kind of tradition among us: once a month we all meet together and talk about everything that crosses our minds. It is an excellent opportunity to have a really good chat and a relaxing time. I don't have a concrete hobby, which I would devote all my free time. I like to do everything a little. My mother is a perfect dressmaker and she taught me to sew. So from time to time I enrich my wardrobe with modern dresses, skirts and trousers, that I make myself, of course. I also enjoy cooking, especially desserts, ice-cream, cakes, pies, but in fact, I can cook almost every kind of food. I'm also very fond of reading. I cannot imagine my life without a good book. There are various genres of literature (detectives, thrillers, comics, science fiction, memoirs), and I prefer to read classical novels by Russian and foreign writers. I like to read novels by F. Dostoevsky, S. Turgenev, A. Chekhov. Among the foreign writers, I prefer Jack London, George Sand, Charlotte Bronte. I also like to read detectives but only by Agatha Christie and Arthur Conan Doyle. In my opinion, modern detectives are full of platitude and there is a complete absence of fascinating plot. Well, sometimes I spend my free time with my classmates and our attached teacher. That is usually an unforgettable time! Two times we went camping and spent some wonderful days in the fresh air, near a lake, in the forest full of mosquitoes. We didn't mind spending some days without parents and did everything we wanted. We lived in comfortable houses. We prepared all the food ourselves and didn't allow our teacher to interfere with that process. In the evenings, after supper, we gathered in the billiards room and played there. Then, very late, we made a fire and sat there until the morning light. We talked about various things, remembered interesting events in our lives, told funny and horror stories, sang songs and played different games around the fire. But everything good and pleasant always finishes sometime and soon we had to go home.

2. Время на выполнение: 30 мин.

Тема 2.1. В магазине

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Модальные глаголы
2. Неопределенные местоимения-прилагательные
3. Побудительные предложения
4. Монологическое высказывание по теме «День покупок»
5. Диалогическое высказывание «В магазине»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Выберите в скобках правильный вариант модального глагола. Переведите предложения.

1. The fridge is full, so we ... (must not/needn't) go shopping.
2. Our employees ... (can/must) sign this agreement.

3. We ... (may/ought to) reserve a table in advance if we want to have dinner there.
4. I ... (can't/needn't) believe it! You ... (have to/must) be joking.
5. Ann ... (must/is to) finish school next year.
6. Sorry, I'm late. I ... (needed to/had to) wait for the plumber.
7. What time do we ... (should/have to) be at the railway station?
8. Don't wait for me tonight. I ... (might/must) be late.
9. I ... (may not/can't) watch this film. It's too boring.
10. We've got a dishwasher, so you ... (couldn't/needn't) wash-up.
11. You look very pale, I think you ... (need/should) stay at home.
12. ... (Could/Might) you, please, pass me the mustard?

Вариант 2.

Выберите в скобках правильный вариант модального глагола. Переведите предложения.

1. He ... (can't/couldn't) open the window as it was stuck.
2. Interpreters ... (may/must) translate without dictionaries.
3. ... (Can/May) I use your bike for today?
4. ... (May/Could) you give me the recipe for this cake?
5. I hardly ever see Jane, she ... (may/might) have moved to Africa.
6. Take an umbrella. It ... (may/can) rain.
7. You ... (could/should) stop smoking. You know you ... (cannot/must not) buy health.
8. You ... (may/must) finish the article as soon as possible.
9. Liz doesn't ... (ought to/have to) keep to a diet anymore.
10. Lara ... (can/might) get a play station for her birthday.
11. You ... (must not/needn't) read in the dark.
12. My grandfather is retired, so he ... (shouldn't/doesn't have to) go to work.

2. Время на выполнение: 30 мин.

Практическое задание.

1. Текст задания (перечень практических заданий):

1. Аудирование текста «Shopping»

What and where to buy?

There are plenty of different shops such as food supermarkets, bakeries, furniture stores, department stores, clothing stores and many others. More and more shopping centres and malls are opening in big and small cities. Under one roof you can find various shops and buy everything you need. Thanks to the development of the Internet, some people prefer to shop online. Even though it might seem the most convenient way of buying things, there are a few disadvantages as well.

Shopping tourism

Sometimes shopping can be a part of travel experience. A lot of people go abroad not to just relax in the sun and do sightseeing but also wander around local shops. Europe is renowned for its designer boutiques and massive sales. However, it is possible to buy fashion clothes of high quality in other countries too.

Shopaholism

One must be aware that compulsive buying can turn into a disorder which is known as oniomania. People suffering from it buy a lot of things not because they really need them, but simply to go through this feeling. Sometimes they may never use what they buy.

2. Чтение и перевод текста

My every day shopping

When we want to buy something, we go to a shop.

Everyday shopping is rather traditional: some white and brown bread, milk, butter, sugar, salt, eggs, sausages. But it's not necessary to visit different provisional shops such as bakery or butchery to buy food for the family because we could buy foodstuffs in a supermarket. Different goods are sold under one roof, so customers can save their time having all goods bought in no time.

Well, shopping is no fun any longer, but my daily duty. I dream to be an economist. I try to be rational and economical. I try to follow some steps. First of all it is necessary to make a shopping list of what we need. Then we should calculate how much our purchases would cost and take this very sum of money with us. The third rule tells that we shouldn't be hungry while shopping, a hungry person buys the things his or her stomach dictates to buy, not thinking about prices or rational nutrition. And we shouldn't go shopping immediately after we have got our salary, when we feel impressed by a large sum of money and don't think it's for a long month to last.

Every day before leaving for school I look around the kitchen to see what we need. And on my way from school I drop into the nearest supermarket, and buy bread and other everyday essentials. Every Friday evening my Mum and I examine our kitchen more carefully as Saturday is our shopping day. The shopping list is rather long, so we both go shopping.

The method of shopping is very simple. In a self-service shop a customer goes from counter to counter selecting and putting into a basket the goods he wants to buy. It's absolutely necessary to check the dates before which this or that foodstuff should be used, not to buy something of bad quality. Then a customer takes the basket to the check-out counter where the prices of the purchases are added up. After paying money to the cashier the customer can get his purchases.

Mum and I go to the supermarket where we can buy different things at once: fish, bread, sausages, tea, sugar, spices, eggs. I think that a bakery department is among the best in the shop as it has a rich choice of biscuits. And what is more important they are always fresh and tasty.

Another department of the supermarket, which we have to visit, is a dairy. At the dairy we buy milk, cream, yogurt, cheese, butter and other products. My Mum and I are regular customers at the greengrocer's where potatoes, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, tomatoes, oranges, apples and other fruits and vegetables. In summer we prefer buying fruits, berries and vegetables at the nearest market.

Sometimes I have to go to a department store. I can buy there fabrics and footwear, glass, ready-made clothes and cosmetics, toys and electric appliances, furniture and sport goods, cameras and films, and what not.

At the butcher's there's a wide choice of meat such as beef, pork, mutton, chicken and turkey. It's really a great skill to choose a piece of meat you need, for soup or for chops or shashlyk, so it's my Mum who is to buy meat.

I can't but say that our shops are becoming more and more European-like. Their halls, adverts attract more customers. Shopping gets some element of fun and entertainment.

2. Время на выполнение: 30 мин.

Тема 3.1. Мой рабочий день

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Простое прошедшее время
2. Спряжение глагола to be в простом прошедшем времени
3. Монологическое высказывание по теме «Рабочий день»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present или Past Simple.

1. I (to go) to the gym at seven o'clock every day.
2. I (to go) to the gym at seven o'clock yesterday.
3. John (to clean) his teeth every morning at 7.30 o'clock.
4. Yesterday John (to clean) his teeth at a half past seven in the morning.
5. Jane (not to do) English exercises every day.
6. Jane (not to do) English exercises yesterday.
7. His brother (to drink) coffee with milk every day.
8. His brother (to drink) coffee with milk yesterday.
9. Her husband (to like) his job. He (to go) to his office by bus. He (to go) to the office at 9 am every day.

10. Her husband usually (to go) to his office by bus. He (to come) to the office at 9.30 am yesterday.

Упражнения 2. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.

On Monday we have five lessons. The first lesson is English. At this lesson we write a dictation and do some exercises. Nick goes to the blackboard.

He answers well and gets a "five". Pete does not get a "five" because he does not know his lesson. After the second lesson I go to the canteen. I eat a sandwich and drink a cup of tea. I do not drink milk. After school I do not go home at once. I go to the library and take a book. Then I go home.

Вариант 2.

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present или Past Simple.

1. I (to study) English every day.
2. You (to come) to my place yesterday?
3. He (to live) in Dubai.
4. How long it (to take) you to get to the City Mall?
5. What you (to study) every Friday?
6. We (to have) dinner with my family yesterday.
7. His computer (to be) ready yesterday.
8. My friend (to like) running in the park every morning.
9. Their family (to invite) everybody to the party last week.
10. Jesse always (to come) to work early.

Упражнения 2. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени (что рассказала мама).

On Tuesday I get up at half past six. I go to the bathroom and wash my hands and face and clean my teeth. Then I dress, go to the kitchen and cook breakfast for my family. At half past seven my son gets up and has breakfast. I have breakfast with my son. My son eats a sandwich and drinks a cup of tea. I don't drink tea. I drink coffee. After Breakfast my son leaves home for school. I don't leave home with my son. On Tuesday I don't work in the morning. I work in the afternoon. In the evening I am at home. My husband and my son are at home, too. We rest in the evening. My son watches TV, my husband reads newspapers and I do some work about the house. At about eleven o'clock we go to bed.

3. Время на выполнение: 40 мин.

Тема 4.1. Хобби.

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Настоящее совершенное время
2. Герундий, аффиксация; конверсия
3. Монологическое высказывание по теме «Хобби»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Упражнение 1. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.

He _____ (finish) training. She _____ (score) twenty points in the match. We _____ (watch) all the Champions League matches this season. That's amazing! She _____ (run) fifteen kilometers this morning! She _____ (buy) some really nice rollerblades! Oh, no! I _____ (lose) my money! My mum _____ (write) shopping list. It's on the kitchen table. Dad, you _____ (eat) my biscuit! I'm tired. I _____ (watch) three X-Files videos.

Упражнение 2. Дополните предложения словами for или since. Complete the sentences.

Use for or since. I've lived in Washington _____ 1997. Ben has studied English _____ three years. They haven't visited their grandparents _____ months. Julie's ill. She's been in bed _____ Tuesday. My dad has had his car _____ sixteen. It's been ten years _____ we moved to Oxford.

Вариант 2.

Упражнение 1. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.

Hurry up! They _____ (start) the film! Mary _____ (study) hard this year, so she'll pass her exams. Oh no! She _____ (drop) the plate! The garden is very green. It _____ (rain) a lot this month. These are my favourite trousers. I _____ (have) them for five years. Tom's my best friend. I _____ (know) him for three years. They _____ (live) in Miami for two years. Jo has earache. He _____ (have) it since 7 o'clock. Brad _____ (live) in Chicago since 1998.

Упражнение 2. Пользуясь опорными словами, а также словами for и since составьте предложения в Present Perfect.

Kate/be/in bed/a long time. She / not eat / anything / this morning. She / not see / her friends / a week. She / stay / at home / Tuesday. She / have / a red nose / three days. She / not play / basketball / last weekend. She / not do / any school work / Monday.

1. Время на выполнение: 30 мин.

Тема 5.1. Путешествие

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Простое будущее время.
2. Эквиваленты модальных глаголов в прошедшем и будущем временах
3. Способы выражения будущих действий
4. Прилагательные another и other.

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Тема 5.2. Виды транспорта

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Монологическое высказывание по теме «Виды транспорта»

2. Время на выполнение: 5 мин.

Тема 5.3. Активизация грамматических единиц

Тестирование (письменное, программированное).

1. Текст задания (перечень тестовых вопросов):

1. You ... play chess.
a) may
b) must
c) can
2. Your brother is well now, ...?
3. having breakfast or lunch?
a) have
b) are
c) is
4. He (to open) his window every morning.
5. My friend ... to be an accountant.
a) is going
b) is

- c) are going
6. There ... a desk and two tables in the room.
- a) are
- b) am
- c) is
7. His elder brother (to work) in a big factory two years ago.
8. They (to read) a book now.
9. We have very many butter at home.
- a) true
- b) false
10. She hasn't got some coffee in her cup.
- a) true
- b) false
11. ... I smoke here?
- a) can
- b) must
- c) may
12. John has some friends at college, ...?
13. ... you asking a question or answering it?
- a) have
- b) are
- c) am
14. He (to listen) to music every evening.
15. His daughter ... to be a teacher.
- a) are going
- b) is going
- c) is
16. Your wife ... write English.
- a) may
- b) can
- c) must
17. There are ten pupils in the classroom, ...?
18. ... she reading a book or writing a letter?
- a) is
- b) has
- c) am
19. He often (to go) to the cinema on Sunday.
20. I ... to be a worker.
- a) am
- b) is going
- c) am going
21. There ... some red and green apples on the plate.
- a) am
- b) is
- c) are
22. They (to watch) TV last night.

23. I (to play) chess now.
24. Peter has very few friends at college.
- a) true
- b) false
25. My friend has some maps.
- a) true
- b) false
26. She ... get up at 6 o'clock every morning.
- a) can
- b) must
- c) may
27. John's wife isn't a teacher, ...?
28. ... she playing chess or watching TV?
- a) has
- b) is
- c) am
29. She (to write) letters to her husband every week.
30. My son ... to be a journalist
- a) is
- b) is going
- c) are going
31. You ... do homework every day.
- a) must
- b) may
- c) can
32. His brother isn't a journalist, ...?
33. ... they playing football or hockey?
- a) have
- b) has
- c) are
34. Her brothers (to play) chess every day.
35. Your child ... to be a mechanic.
- a) is
- b) are going
- c) is going
36. There ... a bed in his bedroom.
- a) are
- b) is
- c) am
37. My son (to live) in Bugulma three years ago.
38. We (to watch) TV now.
39. There are much students in the canteen.
40. Show him any pictures, please.
- a) true

- b) false
41. There ... two men in the room.
a) is
b) are
c) am
42. They (to translate) the new text yesterday.
43. You (to close) the notebook now.
44. She hasn't got many work to do.
a) true
b) false
45. He has any French books at home.
a) true
b) false
46. ... Itakeyourpencil?
a) may
b) can
c) must
47. Peter is going to the theatre tonight, ... ?
48. ... he opening or closing the door?
a) has
b) is
c) are
49. She (to watch) TV in the afternoon.
50. Their children ... to be drivers.
a) is going
b) are going
c) are
51. There ... a map and two pictures on the walls.
a) is
b) are
c) am
52. Her younger sister (to be) ill last week.
53. She (to write) a letter now.
54. There is a little coffee in her cup.
a) true
b) false
55. I haven't any pencils.
a) true
b) false
56. There ... a blackboard and ten desks in their classroom.
a) are
b) is
c) am
57. He (to be) very tired yesterday.
58. He (to have) breakfast now.
59. There are very many children in the park.
a) true
b) false
60. Has he any English magazines at home?
a) true

- b) false
61. ... I smoke here?
- a) can
b) must
c) may
62. Peter has some friends at school, ...?
63. ... they making a question or answering it?
- a) have
b) are
c) am
64. She (to listen) to the radio every evening.
65. His nephew ... to be a teacher.
- a) are going
b) is going
c) is
66. There ... two pupils in the classroom.
- a) is
b) are
c) am
67. We (to translate) the new text last week.
68. He (to close) the window now.
69. My sister hasn't got few work to do.
- a) true
b) false
70. She has some English books at home.
- a) true
b) false
71. You ... play chess.
- a) may
b) must
c) can
72. Your brother is well now, ...?
73. ... you having breakfast or lunch?
- a) have
b) are
c) is
74. She (to open) her window every day.
75. My friend ... to be an accountant.
- a) is going
b) is
c) are going
76. She ... get up at 6 o'clock every morning.
- a) can
b) must
c) may
77. Peter's wife isn't a nurse, ...?
78. ... she playing chess or watching TV?
- a) has
b) is
c) am

79. He (to write) letters to his wife every month.
80. My son ... to be a journalist
 a) is
 b) is going
 c) are going
81. There ... a blackboard and ten desks
 in their classroom.
 a) are
 b) is
 c) am
82. She (to be) very tired yesterday.
83. She (to have) dinner now.
84. There are very much children in the park.
 a) true
 b) false
85. Has he some English magazines at
 home?
 a) true
 b) false
86. There ... a desk and two tables in the room.
 a) are
 b) am
 c) is
87. Her elder son (to work) in a big factory five years ago.
88. You (to read) a textbook now.
89. We have very little butter at home.
 a) true
 b) false
90. She hasn't got any coffee in her cup.
 a) true
 b) false
91. ... I use your computer?
 a) may
 b) can
 c) must
92. Paul is going to the park tonight, ... ?
93. ... he opening or closing the notebook?
 a) has
 b) is
 c) are
94. Helen (to watch) TV in the noon.
95. Her pupils ... to be drivers.
 a) is going
 b) are going
 c) are
96. There ... a lamp and two pictures on the walls.
 a) is
 b) are
 c) am
97. His younger brother (to be) ill last week.
98. She (to write) a message now.

99 There is much milk in her glass.

a) true

b) false

100. We haven't some textbooks.

a) true

b) false

2. Время на выполнение: 30 мин.

3. Ключ к тестам:

№ вопроса	Вариант ответа	№ вопроса	Вариант ответа	№ вопроса	Вариант ответа
1.	c	34.	Her brothers play chess every day.	67.	We translated the new text last week.
2.	Your brother is well now, isn't he?	35.	c	68.	He is closing the window now.
3.	b	36.	b	69.	b
4.	He opens his window every morning.	37.	My son lived in Bugulma three years ago.	70.	a
5.	a	38.	We are watching TV now.	71.	c
6.	c	39.	b	72.	Your brother is well now, isn't he?
7.	His elder brother worked in a big factory two years ago.	40.	b	73.	b
8.	They are reading a book now.	41.	b	74.	She opens her window every day.
9.	b	42.	They translated the new text yesterday.	75.	a
10.	b	43.	You are closing the notebook	76.	b

			now.		
11.	c	44.	b	77.	Peter's wife isn't a nurse, is she?
12.	John has some friends at college, hasn't he?	45.	b	78.	b
13.	b	46.	a	79.	He writes letters to his wife every month.
14.	He listens to music every evening.	47.	Peter is going to the theatre tonight, isn't he?	80.	b
15.	b	48.	b	81.	b
16.	b	49.	She watches TV in the afternoon.	82.	She was very tired yesterday.
17.	There are ten pupils in the classroom, aren't there?	50.	b	83.	She is having dinner now.
18.	a	51.	a	84.	b
19.	He often goes to the cinema on Sunday.	52.	Her younger sister was ill last week.	85.	b
20.	c	53.	She is writing a letter now.	86.	c
21.	c	54.	a	87.	Her elder son worked in a big factory five years ago.
22.	They watched TV last night.	55.	a	88.	You are reading a textbook now.
23.	I am playing chess now.	56.	b	89.	a
24.	a	57.	He was very tired yesterday.	90.	a
25.	a	58.	He is having breakfast now.	91.	a

26.	b	59.	a	92.	Paul is going to the park tonight, isn't he?
27.	John's wife isn't a teacher, is she?	60.	a	93.	b
28.	b	61.	c	94.	Helen watches TV in the noon.
29.	She writes letters to her husband every week.	62.	Peter has some friends at school, hasn't he?	95.	b
30.	b	63.	b	96.	a
31.	a	64.	She listens to the radio every evening.	97.	His younger brother was ill last week.
32.	His brother isn't a journalist, is he?	65.	b	98.	She is writing a message now.
33.	c	66.	b	99.	a
				100.	b

Тема 6.1. Спорт в Великобритании

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Будущее продолженное время
2. Сравнительные конструкции.
3. Монологическое высказывание по теме «Спорт»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Тема 6.2. Олимпийские игры

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Упражнение 1. Join these sentences using as...as, not as...as (Соедините предложения, используя сравнительные конструкции).

1. The Spartak players are good. The Dynamo players are good, too.
2. Today's match is exciting. Yesterday's match was exciting, too.
3. Arshavin has scored many goals. Pavluchenko has scored many goals, too.
4. I can play tennis well. Peter can play tennis well, too.
5. Their home team is good. Our home team is not so good.

Упражнения 2 – Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Continuous или Past Continuous

1. I (to write) an English exercise now.
2. I (to write) an English exercise at this time yesterday.
3. My little sister (to sleep) now.
4. My little sister (to sleep) at this time yesterday.
5. My friends (not to do) their homework now. They (to play) volley-ball.
6. My friends (not to do) their homework at seven o'clock yesterday. They (to play) volley-ball.
7. You (to eat) ice-cream now?
8. You (to eat) ice-cream when I rang you up yesterday?
9. What your father (to do) now?
10. What your father (to do) from eight till nine yesterday?

Вариант 2.

Упражнение 1. Join these sentences using as...as, not as...as (Соедините предложения, используя сравнительные конструкции).

1. The Manchester team is popular. The Blackpool team is popular, too.
2. The Sokolniki football ground is good. The Dynamo football ground is good, too.
3. My brother plays football well. His brother plays football well, too.
4. This match is interesting. That match is interesting, too.
5. The hockey players are fast. The football players are not so fast.

Упражнения 2 – Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present Continuous или Past Continuous

1. Why she (to cry) now?
2. Why she (to cry) when I saw her yesterday?
3. She (to read) the whole evening yesterday.
4. She (not to read) now.
5. Now she (to go) to school.
6. What you (to do) now? — I (to drink) tea.
7. You (to drink) tea at this time yesterday? — No, I (not to drink) tea at this time yesterday, I (to eat) a banana.

8. My sister is fond of reading. She (to read) the whole evening yesterday, and now she (to read) again.
9. Look! My cat (to play) with a ball.
10. When I went out into the garden, the sun (to shine) and birds (to sing) in the trees.

2. Время на выполнение: 40 мин.

Тема 7.1. Климат в Великобритании

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Абсолютная форма притяжательных местоимений.

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Тема 7.2. Климат в России

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Степени сравнения прилагательных и наречий.
2. Монологическое высказывание «Климат»

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

Тема 7.3. Экология

Письменная контрольная работа.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

Вариант 1.

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. Which is (large): the United States or Canada? 2. What is the name of the (big) port in the United States? 3. Moscow is the (large) city in Russia. 4. The London underground is the (old) in the world. 5. There is a (great) number of cars and buses in the streets of Moscow than in any other city of Russia. 6. St. Petersburg is one of the (beautiful) cities in the world. 7. The rivers in America are much (big) than those in England. 8. The island of Great Britain is (small) than Greenland. 9. What is the name of the (high) mountain in Asia? 10. The English Channel is (wide) than the straits of Gibraltar. 11. Russia is a very (large) country.

Вариант 2.

Упражнение 1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. This man is (tall) than that one. 2. Asia is (large) than Australia. 3. The Volga is (short) than the Mississippi. 4. Which building is the (high) in Moscow? 5. Mary is a (good) student than Lucy. 6. The Alps are (high) than the Urals. 7. This garden is the (beautiful) in our town. 8. She speaks Italian (good) than English. 9. Is the word "newspaper" (long) than the word "book"? 10. The Thames is (short) than the Volga. 11. The Arctic Ocean is (cold) than the Indian Ocean. 12. Chinese is (difficult) than English. 13. Spanish is (easy) than German. 14. She is not so (busy) as I am. 15. It is as (cold) today as it was yesterday. 16. She is not so (fond) of sports as my brother is.

2. Время на выполнение: 15мин.

Тема 7.4.Времена года.

Практическое задание.

1. Текст задания (перечень практических заданий):

1. Чтение текста «Времена года»

There are four seasons in a year: spring, summer, autumn and winter. Every season is beautiful in its own way.

When spring comes nature awakens from its long winter sleep. The days become longer and the nights become shorter. The ground is covered with emerald-green grass and the first flowers. The air is fresh, the sky is blue and cloudless, and the sun shines brightly. The trees are in full blossom. The nightingale begins to sing its lovely songs, and sweet melodies may be heard from every wood and park. The days are warm and everything is full of life and joy.

Spring is followed by summer. The weather is usually fine in summer, but it can be very hot, especially in July. Sometimes there are storms with thunder and lightning. In summer people try to go away from the city noise and spend more time in the open air. They pick mushrooms and berries in the forest, swim in the rivers and lakes, go fishing and boating. Most people prefer to have their holidays in summer.

Autumn begins in September. The days become shorter and the nights become longer. The leaves turn yellow» red and brown and fall to the ground. Most birds fly away to warm countries. There is a short spell of dry sunny weather in September, which is called "Indian Summer". It is a beautiful time when the sky is cloudless, the trees around are golden, the air is transparent and it is still warm. But gradually it gets colder and colder. It often rains in October and November which makes autumn an unpleasant season.

In winter the sun sets early and rises late. The rivers and lakes are frozen over. Everything is covered with snow. Some* times it is very cold, about 25-30 °C below zero. Going out in such weather isn't very pleasant. Winter is a good time for sports. People go in for skating and skiing. Tobogganing is also popular, not as a kind of sports, but rather as a fun.

As for me, I like all seasons, but I think - there is nothing like late spring.

2. Время на выполнение: 20 мин.

Тема 8.1. Структура и оформление делового письма.

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Условные предложения

2. Время на выполнение: 10 мин.

Практическое задание.

1. Текст задания (перечень практических заданий):

- 1 Чтение делового письма

Austin Parker

123, X Street, Y Avenue

Manhattan, NY-10009

(123) 456-7890

[Subject: Normally bold, summarizes the intention of the letter] -Optional-

Dear Austin Parker,

The year is about to end, and we want to take this opportunity to thank you for trusting Floyd Enterprises with all your printing needs. We are fully aware that there are now several companies to choose from, but still, you chose us to be the one to serve you. You can always count on us to give you your money's worth through excellent service and the most reliable products available. As our way of saying thank you, we are enclosing a gift certificate for any printing service or accessory of your choice. We hope for more years of serving you!

Sincerely,

.....

2. Время на выполнение: 20 мин.

Тема 8.2. Деловой язык

Устный опрос.

1. Текст задания (перечень вопросов):

1. Сослагательное наклонение.

2. Время на выполнение: 10 мин.

Тема 8.3. Образцы деловых писем

Практическое задание.

1. Текст задания (перечень практических заданий):

1. Составить деловое письмо по образцу

Dear Sirs,

Confirming our telephone conversation of 2nd February, this year, we ask you to accept our order for publication of our clients' advertisements in the catalogue of the coming Zagreb fair.

Kindly arrange for BW advertisements.

Please advise us when the advertisements are ready and forward samples of the advertisements in due course.

We thank you in advance for your kind attention to this matter.

Yours faithfully,

.....

Encl.: photos – 5

texts – 5

stamps – 5

2. Время на выполнение: 15 мин.

4. Контрольные задания промежуточной аттестации

4.1. Вопросы экзамена

- 1 It has been raining hard since early morning.
a) true
b) false
- 2 Don't phone Jim tomorrow from 5 to 6 he (to have) English.
a) was having
b) is having
c) will be having
- 3 Helen is (young) in her family.
- 4 The tundra is (cold) of all the regions.
- 5 This house is (old) of all the houses in the street.
a) older
b) as old as
c) the oldest
- 6 You had to stay there next week.
a) true
b) false
- 7 They had to visit Moscow last month.
a) true
b) false
- 8 This flower is (beautiful) than that one.
- 9 A friend of mine is one of (good) teachers.
a) the best
b) better
c) the goodest
- 10 Раннее утро.(перевести предложение)
- 11 I (to watch) the match since one o'clock in the afternoon.
a) have been watching
b) has been watching
c) is watching
- 12 You (to write) a letter at eight o'clock tomorrow.
a) were writing
b) are writing
c) will be writing
- 13 Where is (near) post-office, please?
a) the nearest
b) nearer
c) near
- 14 Do you think Americans are (nice) English people?
a) nicer than
b) the nicest
c) nice than
- 15 London is (old) than New York

- 16 The north wind have been blowing since yesterday morning.
a) true
b) false
- 17 I (to read) a book from seven till nine last night.
a) was reading
b) were reading
c) shall be reading
- 18 - It isn't very warm today, is it?
- No, it was (warm) yesterday.
- 19 The 22nd of December is (short) day of the year.
- 20 Is Alan (tall) than Jim?
- 21 She will have to stay in the college library tomorrow.
a) true
b) false
- 22 He was able to go to the institute next week.
a) true
b) false
- 23 This student is (bad) in our group.
- 24 This car is (expensive) than that one.
- 25 Холодно. (перевести предложение)
- 26 We (to work) hard since early morning.
a) has been working
b) have been working
c) are working
- 27 I (to do) homework when my friends came.
a) was doing
b) shall be doing
c) am doing
- 28 That's (good) film I've ever seen.
- 29 Public transport in London is (expensive) in Europe.
a) the expensivest
b) the most expensive
c) more expensive
- 30 This exercise is (difficult) than that one.
- 31 You has been learning English since last year.
a) true
b) false
- 32 This time tomorrow they (to sit) in the train on their way to Chicago.
a) were sitting
b) will be sitting
c) are sitting
- 33 Henry is not (strong) his elder brother Bob.
a) as strong as
b) the strongest
c) stronger

- 34 This is (old) theatre in London.
35 Moscow is (large) city in Russia.
36 They will be able to read a book tomorrow.
a) true
b) false
37 We were able to read a book tomorrow.
a) true
b) false
38 He is (happy) man now.
39 Jane is Peter's (old) sister.
a) older
b) the eldest
c) elder
40 Лето. (перевести предложение)
41 You had to call me up yesterday.
a) true
b) false
42 His group will have to write a composition two days ago.
a) true
b) false
43 I think that text is (difficult).
44 Mary's flat is (large) than my.
45 Утро. (перевести предложение)
46 It have been snowing since early morning.
a) true
b) false
47 They (to sit) in the room when the taxi arrived.
a) were sitting
b) will be sitting
c) are sitting
48 I met my (good) friend yesterday.
49 My (old) sister doesn't live with us.
a) older
b) elder
c) the eldest
50 The problem was (serious) we expected
a) seriouser than
b) more serious than
c) the seriousest
51 You (must) take them to the airport tonight.
a) will be able to
b) had to
c) will have to
52 She (can) drive a car when she was young.
a) were able to

- b) was able to
- c) will be able to
- 53 I woke up (early) than my brother.
 - a) the earliest
 - b) more early
 - c) earlier
- 54 He says this is (interesting) game she has seen lately.
- 55 Тепло. (перевести предложение)
- 56 He was able to speak English very well when he was at school.
 - a) true
 - b) false
- 57 We shall have to get up early tomorrow.
 - a) true
 - b) false
- 58 That room is (large) than that one.
- 59 This notebook is (thin) than that one.
 - a) the thinnest
 - b) thinner
 - c) more thin
- 60 Вечер. (перевести предложение)
- 61 I (to watch) the match since one o'clock in the afternoon.
 - a) have been watching
 - b) has been watching
 - c) is watching
- 62 You (to write) a letter at eight o'clock tomorrow.
 - a) were writing
 - b) are writing
 - c) will be writing
- 63 Where is (near) shop, please?
 - a) the nearest
 - b) nearer
 - c) near
- 64 Do you think Russians are (nice) Ukraine people?
 - a) nicer than
 - b) the nicest
 - c) nice than
- 65 Bugulma is (old) than Leninogorsk.
- 66 You will have to call me up yesterday.
 - a) true
 - b) false
- 67 His group had to write a composition two days ago.
 - a) true
 - b) false
- 68 They think that problem is (difficult).
- 69 Nick's hat is (large) than my.

- 70 Зима. (перевести предложение)
- 71 It has been raining hard since early morning.
a) true
b) false
- 72 Don't phone Jim tomorrow from 5 to 6 he (to have) English.
a) was having
b) is having
c) will be having
- 73 Peter is (young) in his family.
- 74 Siberia is (cold) of all the regions.
a) the coldest
b) a coldest
c) a colder
- 75 This car is (old) of all the cars in the street.
a) older
b) as old as
c) the oldest
- 76 We has been working hard since early morning.
a) true
b) false
- 77 I (to do) homework when my friends came.
a) was doing
b) shall be doing
c) am doing
- 78 That's (good) film I've ever seen.
a) a good
b) the goodest
c) the best
- 79 Public transport in Paris is (cheap) than in London.
- 80 This text is (difficult) than that one.
- 81 He was able to speak English very well when he was at school.
a) true
b) false
- 82 We had to get up early tomorrow.
a) true
b) false
- 83 That table is (large) than that one.
- 84 That book is (thin) than that one.
a) the thinnest
b) thinner
c) more thin
- 85 Ночь. (перевести предложение)
- 86 You (must) stay there next week.
a) will be able to
b) had to

- c) will have to
- 87 They (must) visit Moscow last month.
- a) had to
- b) will have to
- c) were able to
- 88 That car is (beautiful) than that one.
- 89 My friend is one of (good) doctors.
- 90 Поздний вечер. (перевести предложение)
- 91 The wind (to blow) since early morning.
- a) is blowing
- b) have been blowing
- c) has been blowing
- 92 We (to sit) in the room while she was cooking dinner.
- a) were sitting
- b) will be sitting
- c) are sitting
- 93 She was my (good) teacher.
- 94 Her (old) siser doesn't live with us.
- a) older
- b) elder
- c) the eldest
- 95 The problem was (serious) we expected
- a) seriouser than
- b) more serious than
- c) the seriousest
- 96 He (must) take them to the railway station tonight.
- a) will be able to
- b) had to
- c) will have to
- 97 He (can) ride a bicycle when she was young.
- a) were able to
- b) was able to
- c) will be able to
- 98 He woke up (early) than my sister.
- 99 He says this is (interesting) film he has ever seen.
- 100 Жарко. (перевести предложение)

Ключ к тестам:

№ вопроса	Вариант ответа	№ вопроса	Вариант ответа	№ вопроса	Вариант ответа
1.	a	34.	This is the oldest theatre in	67.	a

			London.		
2.	c	35.	Moscow is the largest city in Russia.	68.	They think that problem is the most difficult.
3.	Helen is the youngest in her family.	36.	a	69.	Nick's hat is larger than my.
4.	The tundra is the coldest of all the regions.	37.	b	70.	It is winter.
5.	c	38.	He is the happiest man now.	71.	a
6.	b	39.	c	72.	c
7.	a	40.	It is summer.	73.	Peter is the youngest in his family.
8.	This flower is more beautiful than that one.	41.	a	74.	a
9.	a	42.	b	75.	c
10.	It is early morning.	43.	I think that text is the most difficult.	76.	b
11.	a	44.	Mary's flat is larger than my.	77.	a
12.	c	45.	It is morning.	78.	c
13.	a	46.	b	79.	Public transport in Paris is cheaper than in London.
14.	a	47.	a	80.	This text is more difficult

					than that one.
15.	London is older than New York.	48.	I met my best friend yesterday.	81.	a
16.	b	49.	b	82.	b
17.	a	50.	b	83.	That table is larger than that one.
18.	- It isn't very warm today, is it? - No, it was warmer yesterday.	51.	c	84.	b
19.	The 22 nd of December is the shortest day of the year.	52.	b	85.	It is night.
20.	Is Alan taller than Jim?	53.	c	86.	c
21.	a	54.	He says this is the most interesting game she has seen lately.	87.	a
22.	b	55.	It is warm.	88.	That car is more beautiful than that one.
23.	This student is the worst in our group.	56.	a	89.	My friend is one of the best doctors.
24.	This car is more expensive than that one.	57.	a	90.	It is late evening.
25.	It is cold.	58.	That room is larger than that	91.	c

			one.		
26.	b	59.	b	92.	a
27.	a	60.	It is evening.	93.	She was my best teacher.
28.	That's the best film I've ever seen.	61.	a	94.	b
29.	b	62.	c	95.	b
30.	This exercise is more difficult than that one.	63.	a	96.	c
31.	b	64.	a	97.	b
32.	b	65.	Bugulma is older than Leninogorsk.	98.	He woke up earlier than my sister.
33.	a	66.	b	99.	He says this is the most interesting film he has ever seen.
				100.	It is hot.

5. Критерии оценки

5.1. Критерии оценки при текущей аттестации.

5.1.1. Устный опрос. Письменная контрольная работа.

«ОТЛИЧНО» – студент владеет знаниями по вопросу в полном объеме учебной программы и достаточно глубоко его осмысливает; самостоятельно, в логической последовательности и исчерпывающе отвечает на вопрос, выделяет при этом самое существенное; устанавливает причинно-следственные связи; четко формулирует ответы; увязывает теоретические аспекты с практическими.

«ХОРОШО» – студент владеет знаниями по вопросу учебной программы, но имеются пробелы в некоторых, особенно сложных моментах; самостоятельно и (или) отчасти при наводящих вопросах дает полноценный ответ на вопрос; не всегда выделяет наиболее существенное, но не допускает серьезных ошибок в ответе; умеет решать легкие и средней тяжести ситуационные задачи.

«УДОВЛЕТВОРИТЕЛЬНО» – студент владеет основным объемом знаний по вопросу; проявляет затруднения в самостоятельных ответах, оперирует неточными формулировками; в процессе ответа допускаются ошибки по существу вопросов. Студент способен решать лишь наиболее легкие задачи.

«НЕУДОВЛЕТВОРИТЕЛЬНО» – студент не освоил обязательного минимума знаний по вопросу, не способен ответить на вопрос даже при дополнительных наводящих вопросах экзаменатора.

5.1.2. Тестирование (письменное, программированное).

Процент результативности (правильных ответов)	Оценка уровня подготовки (балл)
85 ÷ 100	5
75 ÷ 84	4
65 ÷ 74	3
менее 65	2

5.1.3. Практическое задание.

«ОТЛИЧНО» – полностью соблюдались правила трудовой и технической дисциплины, работа выполнялась самостоятельно, тщательно спланирован труд,

рационально организовано рабочее место, полностью соблюдались правила техники безопасности, отношение к труду добросовестное, к инструментам – бережное, экономное. Все приемы труда выполнялись правильно, установленных для данного вида работ. Изделие (работа) выполнено точно по чертежу (инструкционной карте), соблюдена технологическая последовательность. Задание выполнено в полном объеме и в установленный срок.

«ХОРОШО» – работа выполнялась самостоятельно, допущены незначительные ошибки в планировании труда, организации рабочего места, которые исправлялись самостоятельно, полностью выполнялись правила трудовой и технологической дисциплины, правила техники безопасности. Приемы выполнялись в основном правильно, допущенные ошибки исправлялись самостоятельно. Изделие (работа) выполнена по чертежу (инструкционной карте), технологическая последовательность, в целом, соблюдена. На выполнение работы затрачено времени больше установленного по норме на 10%.

«УДОВЛЕТВОРИТЕЛЬНО» – самостоятельность в работе была низкой, допущены нарушения трудовой и технологической дисциплины, организации рабочего места. Отдельные приемы труда выполнялись неправильно, но ошибки исправлялись после замечания учителя, допущены незначительные нарушения правил техники безопасности, установленных для данного вида работ. Изделие выполнено по чертежу с небольшими отклонениями; качество отделки удовлетворительное. На выполнение работы затрачено времени больше установленного по норме на 25%.

«НЕУДОВЛЕТВОРИТЕЛЬНО» – самостоятельность в работе отсутствовала, допущены грубые нарушения правил трудовой и технологической дисциплины, правил техники безопасности, которые повторялись после замечаний преподавателя. Неправильно выполнялись многие виды работ, ошибки повторялись после замечания преподавателя, неправильные действия привели к травме обучающегося или поломке инструмента (оборудования). Изделие (работа) выполнена с отступлениями от чертежа (инструкционной карты), не соответствует эталону. Доработка не может привести к возможности использования изделия (механизма). На выполнение работы затрачено времени против нормы больше чем на 25%.

5.2. Критерии оценки при промежуточной аттестации.

Критерии оценки, используемые при промежуточной аттестации, аналогичны критериям, используемым при текущей аттестации в зависимости от используемой формы контроля (устный опрос, письменная контрольная работа, тестирование, практическое задание).

В случае, если материалы промежуточной аттестации (билеты зачета, дифференцированного зачета, экзамена) содержат задания различных форм контроля, то преподаватель использует критерии оценки для каждой формы контроля по отдельности с последующим выведением усредненного показателя (балльной отметки).

6. Перечень материалов, оборудования и информационных источников, используемых в промежуточной аттестации

6.1. При подготовке к промежуточной аттестации

6.1.1. Литература:

Основные источники:

Безкоровайная Г.Т., Койранская Е.А., Соколова Н.И., Лаврик Г.В. *Planet of English: учебник английского языка для учреждений СПО*. — М., 2014.

Голубев А.П., Балюк Н.В., Смирнова И.Б. *Английский язык: учебник для студ. учреждений сред. проф. образования*. — М., 2014.

Голубев А.П., Коржавый А.П., Смирнова И.Б. *Английский язык для технических специальностей = English for Technical Colleges: учебник для студ. учреждений сред. проф. образования*. — М., 2014.

Колесникова Н.Н., Данилова Г.В., Девяткина Л.Н. *Английский язык для менеджеров = English for Managers: учебник для студ. учреждений сред. проф. образования*. — М., 2014.

Лаврик Г.В. *Planet of English. Social & Financial Services Practice Book = Английский язык. Практикум для профессий и специальностей социально-экономического профиля СПО*. — М., 2014.

Соколова Н.И. *Planet of English: Humanities Practice Book = Английский язык. Практикум для специальностей гуманитарного профиля СПО*. — М., 2014.

6.1.2. Интернет ресурсы:

1. Advertisement Форма доступа: <http://onextrapixel.com/>
2. Mass media <http://www.drrajivdesaimd.com/>

6.2. При проведении промежуточной аттестации.

6.2.1. Оборудование:

1. Наглядные пособия: страноведческие стенды, географические карты, грамматические таблицы, плакаты;
2. Мультимедийный компьютер;
3. Аудиомагнитофон

6.2.2. Программное обеспечение:

1. Мультимедийные обучающие программы и электронные учебные издания по основным разделам курса иностранного языка;
2. Видеофильмы по страноведению.